## EXHIBIT 6

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Page 1
 1
             IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
 2
                  MIDDLE DISTRICT OF FLORIDA
 3
                        TAMPA DIVISION
 4
 5
     REBOTIX REPAIR, LLC
 6
               Plaintiff,
 7
     vs.
                                  Case No. 8:20-CV-02274
 8
     INTUITIVE SURGICAL, INC.,
 9
               Defendant.
10
     _____/
11
12
13
                      REMOTELY CONDUCTED
14
          VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF ANTHONY McGROGAN
          Sunnyvale, California (Witness's location)
15
                     Monday, June 7, 2021
16
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19
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21
     Stenographically reported by:
     LORRIE L. MARCHANT, RMR, CRR, CCRR, CRC
     California CSR No. 10523
22
     Washington CSR No. 3318
23
     Oregon CSR No. 19-0458
     Texas CSR No. 11318
24
25
     Job No. 194226
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- 1 A. Yes.
- Q. And you're aware that hospitals, they
- 3 regularly evaluate instruments after surgeries and
- 4 see whether it needs repairs or tweaking or anything
- 5 like that; right?
- 6 A. There -- there is no repair process for our
- 7 instruments that I'm aware of.
- 8 What -- what was the other word that you
- 9 used? "Tweaking"?
- 10 Q. Well, so that wasn't -- wasn't quite my
- 11 question. I meant not specific to EndoWrists.
- I mean, generally, when hospitals use
- instruments, they examine them and see whether
- 14 they've broken or whether they need to be fixed;
- 15 right?
- MR. RUBY: Well, I'll object to the form of
- 17 the question.
- 18 For one thing, what hospitals generally do
- is not one of the topics that is a 30(b)(6) topic
- 20 for anybody, as far as I know.
- 21 And, secondly, it's incomplete.
- But, Mr. McGrogan, you may, if you can, go
- 23 ahead and answer the question.
- 24 THE WITNESS: I only know what they do with
- 25 our instruments. I can't speak to what happens to

- 1 other instruments in the hospital.
- 2 BY MR. ERWIG:
- 3 Q. I want to talk to you a little bit about
- 4 how the usage limits -- withdrawn.
- I want to talk to you a little bit how the
- 6 life counter's original lives for instruments are
- 7 originally set. Okay?
- 8 A. Okay.
- 9 Q. Now, when Intuitive is first considering
- 10 what it's going to be setting the lives at,
- 11 marketing is involved in that process; right?
- 12 A. Marketing is involved to the extent that
- 13 they set goals for engineering.
- 14 Q. For example, marketing might set a goal of
- 15 ten lives for an instrument; right?
- 16 A. That's an example, yes.
- 17 Q. And then engineering would try to design an
- instrument that would meet that ten-life goal;
- 19 right?
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 Q. Now, if the instrument, in fact, exceeded
- 22 that ten-life goal, then marketing would have to be
- 23 involved to see whether the life limit should be
- 24 pushed higher; right?
- 25 A. I can't think of an example where that's

- 1 actually happened, so I will have to say that I
- 2 don't really know what would happen in that case.
- 3 Q. You can't think of an example where an
- 4 instrument exceeded the marketing target and then
- 5 marketing was consulted whether the instrument's
- 6 lives should be increased?
- 7 A. I know there are examples where we have
- 8 exceeded the targets and engineering was consulted
- 9 on what the target -- the final target should be.
- 10 But I'm not aware of us exceeding it and asking
- 11 marketing's opinion on the number. We've only --
- 12 we've rarely exceeded it.
- 13 Q. Now, you mentioned that marketing sets
- 14 a -- withdrawn.
- When marketing initially sets the target
- 16 number of lives, how is that process performed?
- 17 A. I guess it's done -- over the years I've
- 18 been at Intuitive, it's been done in different ways.
- 19 Typically, they -- they give us a goal. It
- 20 can be in the form of a specification document or a
- 21 product requirements document or a marketing
- 22 requirements document. Or it can just be through
- 23 e-mails, informal.
- Q. And that goal, how is -- how is that
- 25 determined?

- 1 A. The marketing goal, you're asking about?
- 2 O. Correct.
- 3 A. I'm not sure. In the cases that -- in the
- 4 cases that -- you know, in the examples that I've
- 5 been involved in, engineering helps set that target,
- 6 but I'm not certain in all cases how it's been done.
- 7 Q. Well, marketing could, for example, send an
- 8 e-mail that said, hey, we have a goal of five lives;
- 9 right?
- 10 A. Sure.
- 11 Q. And then engineering would try to design a
- 12 product that would meet that particular
- 13 specification; right?
- 14 A. It could. It's a little more complicated
- 15 than that.
- Q. Well, what additional level of complexity
- 17 am I missing?
- 18 A. The cost of the instrument, the business
- 19 case. There's other factors that go into it.
- Q. When you say "the business case," you mean
- 21 the revenue from selling instruments with particular
- 22 lives?
- 23 A. Or in my case, I don't deal with revenue,
- 24 per se, but I just deal with cost, what it costs to
- 25 make an instrument.